

Table 1: Projected number of people with diabetes and age-standardised diabetes prevalence in 2040–2044 compared to 2015–2019, Aotearoa New Zealand.

		Historic				Projected				AAPC	
		2015–2019				2040–2044					
		Cases (n)	Pop. (n)	Crude (%)	ASR (%)	Cases (n)	Pop. (n)	Crude (%)	ASR (%)	People (%)	ASR (%)
Total	All	268,248	4,808,896	5.6	3.9	502,358	5,890,600	8.5	5.0	2.5	1.0
Males	All males	139,750	2,378,558	5.9	4.2	254,624	2,926,840	8.7	5.1	2.4	0.7
Total ethnicity	Māori	20,930	392,350	5.3	6.5	45,068	610,320	7.4	6.9	3.1	0.3
	Pacific	17,876	198,630	9.0	12.4	46,891	329,880	14.2	14.2	3.9	0.5
	Asian	22,236	356,764	6.2	7.2	67,332	705,120	9.5	6.8	4.5	-0.3
	European	81,349	1,681,504	4.8	3.0	121,778	1,907,560	6.4	3.4	1.6	0.5
Females	All females	128,488	2,430,338	5.3	3.6	247,055	2,963,760	8.3	5.0	2.6	1.2
Total ethnicity	Māori	22,000	399,296	5.5	6.1	53,078	611,960	8.7	7.6	3.6	0.9
	Pacific	20,339	196,384	10.4	13.1	58,381	324,600	18	17.3	4.3	1.1
	Asian	20,697	367,960	5.6	5.8	69,049	712,860	9.7	6.4	4.9	0.4
	European	71,667	1,734,308	4.1	2.5	112,939	1,954,980	5.8	3.2	1.8	1.0

AAPC = average annual percentage change; ASR = the age-standardised prevalence rate per 100 population (or percent).
Cases (n) are the average number of people with diabetes in each year of the time period.

Figure 1: Projected diabetes prevalent cases (left) and rates (right) in Aotearoa New Zealand, 2020–2044.

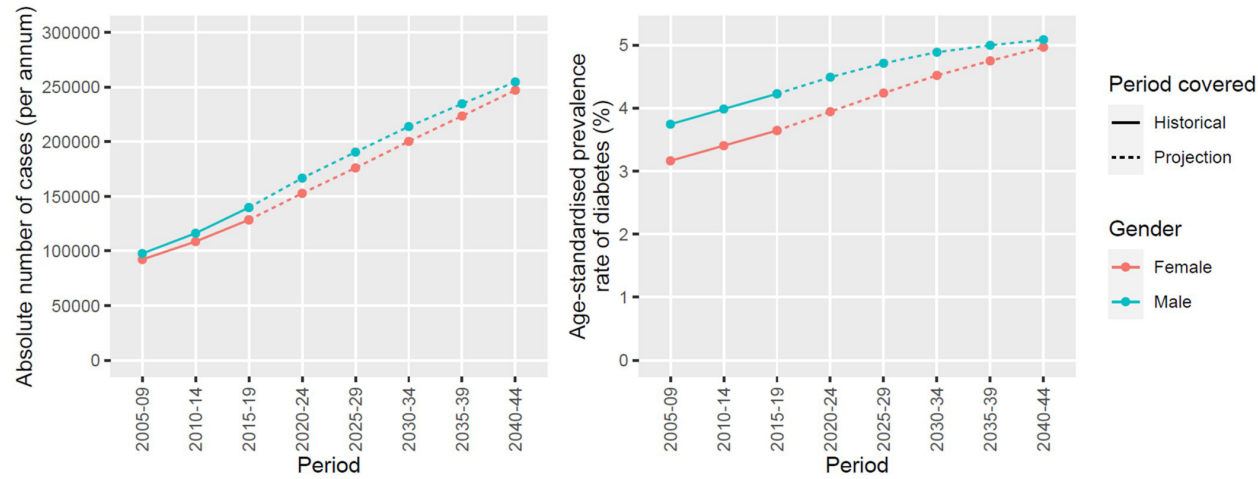


Figure 2: Projected diabetes prevalence rates by ethnicity in Aotearoa New Zealand, 2020–2044.

